ing Office Building.

Bidder for the Material.

The work of demolishing the score or

more of old buildings on the site for the

new building for the government printing

office was begun today, when a large force

and carting the refuse away.

a quantity of new material.

was engaged in tearing down the structures

Last week Lieut. J. S. Sewell, United

States engineers, in charge of the work,

advertised for bids for the old houses as

they stood on the ground, the advertise-

ment providing that every particle of this

material be removed within thirty days.

There were five bidders, the highest being

Mr. Andrew Gleeson, the contractor, who

offered \$1,300 for the privilege of taking the

old material away. There is probably suffi-

cient material for the erection of a row of

fifteen or twenty houses, with the use of

There were five bidders, four of whom bid

for clearing the site, one of them being for

a single house. The four bids were for

\$250, \$501, \$860 and \$1,300. For a single

house \$310 was offered. The work of tear-

ing down will include the government print-

ing office storehouse, now connected with

the main building by bridges over Jackson alley, and which was built five or six years ago. The power house, on the western portion of the new site, will be allowed to stand, and will be extended toward the south to G street, with its present height of the new structure.

one story. The balance of the new struc-ture will be seven stories high above the basement, the annex facing H street and

Three Years Under Construction.

new building will be completed in three

years. It will cost \$2,000,000, and it is ex-

pected that the actual work of construction,

including material, will cost at least \$300,000

ing been begun three years ago, on account of the increase in the price of material and

labor. When the H street annex was built

there was so much competition and the hard times caused bidders to make offers

so low a number of them, it is believed, actually lost money on their contract. It

was stated at the time that the contractor

supplying over a million pounds of steel for the annex lost about \$1,500 in carrying

out their agreement. Now the steel manu

facturers are so busy that it is a question whether steel can be obtained promptly for

Digging the Excavation.

As soon as the old buildings have been

emoved from the site a contract will be

let for digging the excavation for the build-

ing, which will have a basement under its

entire area. The foundation will be de-

cided upon as soon as the excavation has

een made and it can be seen just what is

ecessary. It is expected that the excava-

tion and foundation will be all that will be

them before they are ready for the con-struction. They are being completed by Mr. J. G. Hill, the architect. Lieut. Sewell, in charge of the construc-

tion, has established his office at 735 North

LITTLE GIRL KIDNAPED

She and Her Nurse Disappear at the Same

NEW YORK, May 22 .- What appeared to

be a bold case of the kidnaping of a child

was reported to the police today and a

score of detectives were at once sent out in

an endeaver to arrest the offenders. The

missing child is Marion, the eighteen-

months-old daughter of Arthur Clark, an

employe of a publishing firm. She was

taken; the police say, by a nurse named

Carrie Jones, who was hired last week by

the Clarks through an advertisement. The

whole thing seems to have been a cleverly-

laid plot. The child was taken our yester-

day afternoon by the nurse and the empty

baby carriage was found by the police in

Central Park. Soon afterward Mrs. Clark

"Mrs. Clark: Do not look for your nurse

and baby. They are safe in our possession.

where they will remain for the present. If

the matter is kept out of the hands of the

police and newspapers you will get your

baby back safe and sound. If instead you

make a big time about and publish it all

over we will see to it that you never see her alive again. We are driven to this by

the fact that we cannot get work and one

of us has a child dying through want of

baby is safe and in good hands. The nurs

girl is still with her. If everything is quiet

you will hear from us Monday or Tuesday. "THREE."

girl wrote this letter. Mrs. Clark is in a serious condition and the suspense may

TELEPHONE POLES IN STREETS.

Supreme Court's Decision Adverse to

the Southern Bell Company.

In the United States Supreme Court an

opinion was rendered today in the case of

the city of Richmond (Va.) versus the

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph

Company. The controversy involved the

right of the telephone company to locate its

poles and wires in the streets and alleys of

ocal municipal authorities, the claim of the

elephone company being made under the

act of Congress of 1866, granting such right generally to telegraph companies.

The decision was favorable to the conten-

tion of the city and adverse to the tele-phone company, the court holding that the concession to telegraph companies could not

be made to include telephone companies. The opinion was handed down by Justice

ARRIVAL OF COL. BATES.

Believed That He Will Become Pay-

master General of the Army.

Colonel Alfred E. Bates of the pay de

duty as military attache at the United

States embassy, London, England, arrived

in this city Saturday evening, and reported

at the War Department this morning for

duty as assistant to Paymaster General

For Sergeant Passau's Widow.

widow of Sergeant Passau:

The following additional subscriptions

the city regardless of the protest of the

There is evidence to show that the nurse

proper treatment and nourishment.

received this letter:

cause her death.

the new building,

Topic of Discussion at Convention of Charities and Corrections.

# PAPER BY DR. MOREL READ

Supt Torrence Discusses Relation of the Cigarette to Crime.

SOME STARTLING FIGURES

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 22.-The convention of charities and corrections, which began here last Wednesday, will close tomorrow night. Dr. H. C. Rutter, superintendent of the Ohio Asylum for Epileptics at Gallipolis, opened the general session today with an address on "Expert Testimony

in Insanity Trials." 1. F. Mack, editor of the Sandusky Register, and trustee of Ohio institutions, de livered an address on "What Shall We Do With the Insane?" A general discussion on

In the section on organization of charity the discussion on loan agencies, chartel mortgages, pawnshops, installment buying, etc., was opened by Miss Mary L. Birtwell of Cambridge, Mass.: Professor W. R. Patterson of Iowa City, and Alfred O. Crozier

"Finances and Charitable Agencies" was discussed by Frank Tucker of New York, John M. Glenn of Baltimore, Robert W.

Hibbard of Albany, and others.

The selections on county and municipal charities and insanity in joint session heard a paper from F. B. Sanborn of Concord, Mass., read by Chairman J. P. Byers, on "The relation of local and county authorities of the state in regard to the custody and care of the insane. A general discussion followed. The section on organization of charity discussed a paper from Dr. Jules Morel of Belgium, on "The After Care of the Insane. "Dr. Morei is an honorary member of the American association. He was unable to attend the conference this year, and sent his paper.

The section of the proportions and industrial and the conference of the paper.

The section on reformatories and industrial schools was addressed by George Tor-rence of Pontiac, Ill., sup-rintendent of the Illinois state reformatory, on "The Relation of the Claratte to Crime." After reciting his experience with boys coming to his institution, Mr. Torrence said: "Isam sure cigarettes are destroying and making crimi-nals of more of them than the saloons." Ir his reformatory now there are 278 boys. "Of 63, averaging twelve years of age, 58 were cigarette smokers. Of 133, averaging fourteen years of age, 125 were cigarette smokers. Of 82, averaging fifteen years, 73 smokers. Of \$2 averaging in the street were cigarett; smokers. This demonstrates that 92 per cent of the whole number were cigarette fiends at the time of committing crimes for which they were emmitted to the reformatory." The general discussion developed a simi-lar experience with others connected with

reformatories for boys.

### FIRED INTO THE MOB. Probably Fatal Result of Shooting

Scrape in Chicago. CHICAGO, May 22.-To save his younger brother from the attack of a crowd of foot ball players. Wm. G. Passmore emptied the chambers of a revolver into a mob of several hundred men and boys. One of the bullets struck Michael Woods in the thigh and inflicted a wound that may cause serious consequences. The friends of the injured man renewed their assault upon Passmore and his brother and father, the latter having come to the assistance of his sons, and when the trio sought refuge in their home the place was combarded with stones, until the arrival of the police, who drove the mob to shelter. William Pass-more was arrested. The trouble was caus-ed by Horace Passmore kicking the ball as it rolled close to him when he was crossing the field.

### RETURN OF MAJ. DUTTON. Relieves Maj. Shaler in the Ordnance Bureau.

Major Clarence E. Dutton, who has arrived at the War Department, where he relieves Major Shaler in the ordnance bureau, is an old Washingtonian in virtue of his long connection with the United States geological survey in this city. While still a captain in the service, he was for fifteen years on detail with the geological survey, and resigned that detail on his promotion to take charge of the San Antonio

Maj Dutton's work for the survey in the west was of great scientific value and in-cluded among other things, the exploration of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, his of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, his report on that work being of the most intensely interesting character and still standing as the standard work on this wonderland of the southwest. He also made a trip to the Hawaiian Islands, studying the volcanoes and geology of the group, and this report also still ranks as a standard work.

## ALLEGED FALSE PRETENSES.

### Dr. Joseph C. Ellis Arraigned on Complaint of Court.

Dr. Joseph C. Ellis, manager of the Alpha Medical Association, with headquarters at No. 615 E street northwest, was arrested today by Detectives Muller and Baur and taken to police headquarters on a charge of false pretenses. Miss Alice Cruit, living at No 654 E street northeast, swore out the warrant. While the amount alleged in the warrant is only \$10. Miss Cruit claims that she parted with \$145.90, which she gave him and for which, she claims, she got nothing in return. The \$10 alleged in the warrant, it is charged, the doctor ob-tained by falsely representing that the American Real Estate Investment Com-pany was a regularly chartered concern.

The doctor denies the charge.

Miss Crut is represented in the case by
Attorney P. J. Ryan. The latter called on the doctor several times and made unsuc-cessful efforts to settle the claim that his client made. Failing to make the settleclient made. Failing to make the settlement the case was investigated by Prosecuting Attorney Mullowny, who directed the issuance of the warrant. It is claimed by Miss Cruft that she joined the Alpha Medical Association and after meeting Dr. Ellis in this way she became interested in the American Real Estate Investment Company, which, she claims, she was informed, would pay at least 7 per cent on investments. Miss Cruft says she paid \$50 on this account and \$70.90 on an insurance account. Her life was insured in the Hartford Insurance Company, and when she needed \$70.90 to pay up the doctor, she says, pretended he had advanced the money and paid up for her. This amounts he now says, she paid him in amounts ranging says, she paid him in amounts ranging from \$5 to \$10, and then she learned tha er insurance policy had lapsed.

Another item of \$25, she claims, she advanced him because of a request on his part. Bond in the sum of \$500 was given part. Bond in the stor his appearance.

## GOING TO ALASKA.

Scientists Who Will Investigate Agricultural Conditions. A party of government scientists left here today for Alaska to investigate the agricultural field in that territory, under the auspices of a New York capitalist. The party comprises Dr. C. Hart Merriam, chief and Stacks, assistants, to be followed tomorrow by Dr. Frederick Caville, chief of the division of botany. Other well-known scientists outside the government service will foin the expedition before it sails from B. E. Ternow, formerly the chief forestry expert of the Department of Agriculture, and now head of the College of Forestry at Cornell, will be one of the party.

Gen. Bates Ordered to Manila. Brig. Gen. John C. Bates, U. S. V., now at San Francisco, has been ordered to proceed to Manila and report to the command-ing officer of the department of the Pacific for assignment to duty.

Gov. Roosevelt Sends a Message to the Legislature.

Some Plain Talk-Declares Corpora tions Do Not Pay Their Just Share.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 22.-Governor Roosevelt's message to the state legislature, which meets in extraordinary session this evening, gives views upon improvements to the Ford franchise taxation bill, and suggests lines of improvement. Concerning the equity of the proposal to tax

corporations the governor will say: "At the present the farmers, the market gardeners and the mechanics and tradesmen having small holdings are paying an improper and excessive portion of the general taxes, while at the same time many of the efforts to remedy this state of affairs, notably in the direction of taxing securities, are not only unwise, but insufficient, and often serve merely to put a premium upon dishonesty.

Corporations Taxed Too Slightly. "There 's evident injustice in the light taxation of corporations. I have not the slightest sympathy with the outery against Orporations as such, or against prosperous men of business. To drive out of a community the men of means and the men who take the lead in business enterprises would probably entail, as one of its first results. the starvation of a considerable portion of the remainder of the population.

the remainder of the population.
"But while I freely admit all this, it yet remains true that a corporation which derives its power from the state should pay to the state a tax percentage of its earnrings as a return for the privileges it enjoys. This should be especially true for the franchises bestowed upon gas companies, street railroads and the like."

Relative to the proposition to place the determination of tax in the hands of the state board, the governor says:

# State Authorities to Levy Taxes.

"I deem it wise that the power of laying and assessing the tax on franchises should be left with the state authorities, not the ocal authorities, this being, in my view, desirable, both for the sake of providing against dishonest favoritism or of discrimination against corporations by the local authorities, and also for the sake of work-ing equity as between the franchises in different localities."

The governor believes that he can count upon the help of the corporations in seeing the bill put into proper form, instead of. as heretofore, count upon the opposition of some among them to any and every scheme for making them pay their just share of taxation.

The message as drafted calls for the en-actment of the law to take effect the first day of October, 1899, but it is understood that when the governor returns to Albany tonight he will change it to read January 1, 1900, in conformity with the latest bill Changes in the Bill.

It is learned on good authority that the Ford bill incorporated in the proposed new bill is to be changed so that the bill will read that special franchises shall be taxed as well as local, the governor believing that under the term local franchises some orporations might technically escape the

## PICKING OUT SUPERVISORS. Harrison Dingman Will Be the One

for Washington City. As soon as Congress convenes and the

proved by the Senate the actual work of situated. Since the lynching of Baker, the taking the twelfth census will begin. The colored postmaster, the post office at Lake City has been discontinued, and the Post director of census is now making up a director of census is now making up a list of the supervisors for the different states, and when the list is completed it. The nearest office to Lake City is three states. will be forwarded to the President, who will make his recommendations to the Senate.

President takes the recommendation of Di-rector Merriam, who decided today to forector Merriam, who decided today to forward his name. Mr. Dingman is a wellknown business man of Washington and was heartily indorsed by the republican national committeeman prominent citizens. He filled a similar position in the last census and gave eminent satisfaction, his reports being regarded as among the best and most complete made.

When the time comes for taking the census of Washington, the city will be dirided into seventy districts, and each district will have an enumerator assigned. These positions of enumerator will be sation will depend upon their returns. each name reported an allowance of not less than 2 cents nor more than 3 cents will be For the returns for a farm not less than 15 nor more than 20 cents. The enumerators will be employed not less than

## PROJECTED IMPROVEMENTS.

### An Expenditure of \$100,000 on Arlington Hotel.

two weeks.

Within a short time great changes are to be made in the Arlington Hotel in this city, which will make it equal to the modern hotels in New York and give Washington a thoroughly up-to-date hotel. Mr. T. E. Roessle has just taken another lease on the property for five years, and one of the conditions is that he shall spend not less than \$100,000 in improvements on the building. This means that the old portion of the hotel is to be torn to pieces and entirely remodeled and redecorated. Stone stairways are to while all the partitions now dividing the office into so many small rooms, are to be torn down, and the ground floor will be made into one grand lobby. The Arlington has long been the favorite resort for poli-

ington hotel life. Mr. Roessle's present lease expires next
May, but before that time he expects to have all the improvements in the house remodeled and rejuvenated Arlington will be ready for the Washington season.

# CLOSING THE DEPARTMENTS.

Employes May Participate in the Jubilee Celebration. Although not settled, it is more than probable that nearly all the executive deorder to permit the employes to participate in the peace jubilee. Secretary Gage has ordered the Treasury Department closed at the President at once. The President had 2 o'clock. Secretary Alger has already issume visitors with him and Capt. Loeffler 2 o'clock. Secretary Alger has already issued an order to that effect, and it is believed that the heads of the other departments will take similar action. It is expected that the matter of closing the departments Wednesday and Thursday will e settled this afternoon.

## TRIAL TRIP MADE.

### Car Run Over Portion of City and Suburban Line.

A car was run over the east and west line of the City and Suburban street railroad yesterday, the first since the installation of the underground electric system. The result proved to be satisfactory, although some obstructions were encountered which are being removed today. It is probof the biological division, and Drs. Fisher able that some cars will be in use tomorrow, and by Thursday, Mr. Schoepf, the vice president of the road and general man-ager, hopes that a regular schedule can be followed. A car was also run over the sec tion of the company's lines which extend from Eckington to Hyattsville. But it is not probable that the cars will be run reg-ularly over this line until the 1st of June. e current used on the suburban portion the line was obtained from the power of the City and Suburban Company at Eckington, while that for the line tween 15th and G streets northwest to 13th and D streets northeast is furnished from the power house of the Potomac Company in Georgetown. The plan now is to get the current for operating the entire system centrolled by the City and Suburban Company from the Potomac plant.

Arranging for the President's Par- | Preparing for New Government Printticipation in the Jubilee.

MANY CALLERS RECEIVED TODAY

Complaint of Lake City, Where the Postmaster Was Lynched.

## EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY

W. S. Knox and Chapin Brown were at the White House today arranging the details of the President's participation in the jubilee festivities. The President will review the great procession at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the stand in front of the White House. On Wednesday night he will hold a public reception at the White House.

Messrs. Knox and Brown are waiting the President's decision in the matter of clos ing the departments during much of the three days. It is not thought, however, that an order will be issued. The President will probably instruct heads of departments to excuse those who may take part in the festivities, or who may have reason to get off. Several heads of departments may issue orders themselves to close the buildings at 2 o'clock each afternoon. H. C. Browning and Col. Teller of the fireworks committee, consulted with Acting Secretary Cortelyou as to the attendance of the President at the fireworks tomorrow night. A box has been set aside for the President and his friends.

Receiving Visitors. President McKinley began to receive visitors immediately on going to his office at 10 o'clock this morning, and there was no letup until his lunch time, 1:30 o'clock. There was no extra session of the cabinet, as generally reported, but Secretaries Long and Alger conferred with the President about matters which had accumulated in their departments during the absence of the

chief executive.

Other visitors during the day were Sen ators Cullom, Lindsay, Thurston, Representative Norton of South Carolina, Admiral Walker, Maj. Gen. Butler and Col.

## The Nicaraguan Canal.

Admiral Walker's talk with the President was in reference to the report of the Nicaraguan canal commission. The admiral said that the "last coat of varnish" s being put on the report and it will be submitted to the President in a few days. It is stated on good authority that the President has not selected the members of the new commission to inquire into the different routes for a canal. It has been known for a long time, however, that the members of the present commission will be continued on the new one. These are Admiral Walker, Col. Haines of the army and Prof. Haupt, who was appointed from civil life. In addition to these four other men are prominently mentioned that the full commission may be made up. These are Alfred Noble of Chicago, Virgil G. Bogue of New York city, George L. Morri-son of New York and Maj. Thomas W. Symonds of the army. The first three are prominent civil engineers.

## Want the Post Office Reopened.

The visit of Representative Norton was of some interest. Mr. Norton represents names of the supervisors of census are ap- the district in which Lake City, S. C., is miles, and the people have to send there for mail. The people are also not allowed Harrison Dingman will be the supervisor for Washington. That is provided the the department to reopen the office is too close to persecution to be in keeping with the fairness of the country and the adminstration. The business men of the town ne told the President, had nothing to de with the lynching and were not even sympathizers with the members of the mob. Mr. Norton says that a great quantity of vegetables are shipped to the north from that section and that the people are suffer-ing because of delayed business affairs. It is understood that the President will General tomorrow, either at the cabinet

meeting or afterward.

Mr. Norton says that before the lynching of Baker the business men of the town had taken the regular methods to have the postmaster dismissed. They had sent charges to Mr. Norton and he had filed them. These charges were on file when the lynching occurred. The better class of citizens had expected to have Baker re-moved in the regular way and had no in-

### tention of doing him harm. Not Much Encouragement.

It is said that Mr. Norton did not get any encouragement at the Post Office Depart ment. The department is determined, it is said, not to resume postal relations with a town which does not show any apparent intention of aiding the law in the prosecucon of such crimes as the barbarous mu ler of Baker and members of his family. J. P. K. Bryan, the attorney who assisted in the prosecution of the indicted men, was at the Department of Justice today. The second trial of the men will be held shortly.

## A New Trap.

President and Mrs. McKinley went driving yesterday in a new and stylish trap. It is a fashionable rig, up to date in every respect. It has a high body, with one seat in front, accommodating two persons, ticians and visiting statesmen from all over the country, and a grand lobby or salon will be a decided attraction to Washington hotel life. the President is so fond of. He handled the ribbons himself. The trap was bought for the purpose of giving the President more outdoor exercise, and to enable him o handle the reins himself. He pert and graceful horseman, and his driving attracted general attention.

lent will drive and walk a good deal. He will take an hour's walk nearly every day.

### She Wanted Peace. A queer looking little woman giving her name as Mrs. Sarah Sykes, and claiming

to be from Passadena, Cal., came very near creating a scene at the White House today. Her trouble was not detected until she had reached the President's door. She told Capt. Loeffler that she wanted to see said her could not give her admission. Mrs. Sykes then said that she had a ticket for Europe in her pocket and would not wait another minute. "I want peace." she loud-ly exclaimed, as she started back down the steps. "I am going to have it, too, or plunge the whole world in war. Peace is what I'm after." All the way to her carwhat I m after. All the way to her car-riage she talked loudly and incoherently, but was not interfered with. She wore a drab rubber coat over her dress and had on a light veil. She would have been arrested if she had not quickly gone to her carriage, as it was apparen

# Executive Clemency.

President McKinley has pardoned Alma Hague, who was convicted in Utah in 1896 of making false entries and misapplying the funds of a national bank. Hague was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment it was deemed best to give him his liberty

## The Dewey Home Fund.

Treasurer Roberts had received about \$270 for the Dewey home fund up to noon today, making the total to date \$3,291.54. President McKinley has announced his intention of making a contribution but the amount of this will not be announced. Heavy subscriptions are expected toward

the last of the week.

Among the Washington people who have made contributions since Saturday are the following: J. Vinson Wiggins, \$1: Bryant Bancroft Capehart, \$5; B. H. Collins, \$3; Katle Collins, \$1; W. Hayden Collins, \$1; W. Z. A. Mrs. S. Boag. Thomas F. Walsh, \$100.

# CARE OF THE INSANE TO TAX FRANCHISES AT THE WHITE HOUSE CLEARING. THE SITE THE HORTON HEARING FATE OF ARMSTEAD TAYLOR FINANCE AND TRADE

Witnesses Express Belief That Defen-· dant is Insane.

# TEARING DOWN MANY OLD STRUCTURES SUGGESTION OF MORAL DEPRAVITY

Andrews Gleeson the Highest Oddities of Prisoner's Character Related by Former Associates.

## PROGRAM FOR THIS SUMMER THE EVIDENCE HEARD

When the trial of George W. Horton, indicted for the murder of Mrs. Jane Nicholson, the 24th of last June, was resumed today in Criminal Court No. 1, the defense proceeded with the introduction of testinony tending to prove Horton insane. A large number of witnesses were examined. all reciting in detail queer actions and conduct on the part of the defendant, observed by them from time to time, and which gave rise to the opinion in their minds that he is of unsound mind. The appearance of Horton was unchanged today from last week. Sitting beside him during the proceedings

### were his wife, brother, sister and niece, Dr. Chapin's Opinion.

During the examination of Dr. John B. Chapin, the expert on insanity, late Saturday afternoon, the prosecution asked a hypothetical question, embracing all the salient points in connection with the killing of Mrs. Nicholson. In reply Dr. Chapin stated that in his opinion, under the circumstances set forth, the murderer would be conscious of his act. The witness was be conscious of his act. The witness was not cross-examined, the court adjourning until this morning, when the first witness called was Cora Heilman. She testified that Horton, on occasions of visits to the residence of her father, acted so queerly as to cause the witness to believe him insane. Samuel Walker, formerly a policeman, stated to the jury that the first trick of duty performed by Horton on the police force was under the instruction of the witness.

finished in the summer of 1896, being six stories above the basement. "Frem his actions at that time," said Mr. Walker, "I considered him either a fool or crazy man.' It is expected that the construction of the

The witness went on to say that Horton would make an arrest and then demand of witness what charge to prefer against the prisoner; that he would sleep in his clothes and discharge his pistol while in the station

"He ran rampant through my beat one more than it would have cost had the buildnight," testified Mr. Walker. "That gave rise to an altercation between us that re-sulted in Horton's transfer to another pre-

After Horton was dismissed from the force the second time he offered to bet \$500 with the witness that he would be lieutenant of police.
"What is your opinion of Horton; is he ane or insane?" inquired Attorney Wells. "I think he's crazy," declared Mr. Walker.

### Former Sheriff a Witness. William Ayer, formerly sheriff of Fairfax county, Va., was called to state that he, at one time, was guardian of an insane per-

sen who was a relative of Horton. The next witness, Mr. J. E. Rose, explained that he has known the defendant for about eleven years. During that time he observed many queer actions on the part of the man, the witness testified, such es discharging his pistol without apparent reason. Mr. Rose, in an undertone, related to the jury an incident in which Horton figured, that, he said, formed the basis of completed during the coming summer.

The building will be put up partly under contract and partly by day's work.

While the plans for the new printing office have been sketched in the rough, there is a great deaf of work yet to be done on them before they are ready for the contract. his belief that the defendant could not be

## Wrote "Reversible Poetry."

George W. Murray, colored, a druggist, who followed Mr. Rose on the stand, recited the incidents based on frequent visits made to the store of the witness by Horton. He seemed to devote his time to writing "reversible poetry," and in the opinion of the witness was "unbalanced from worry or something else."

The next witness was McKensie Scott, colored, an undertaker. He also detailed a number of queer actions on the part of "We called him the 'dirty police,' and I

"We called him the dirty police, and I believed him to be crazy or drunk all the time," stated the witness. "He seemed greatly interested in the price of coffins." "Did he ever seem to want a coffin for himself?" inquired Assistant District Attorney Shillington
"Oh, no," was the reply. "He never "Oh, no," was the reply, "He never seemed to want to buy one for himself, al-

though he did say that were it not for his wife and children he would kill himself." "Except in your own case, is not there a very large profit in the undertaking business," next inquired Mr. Shillington, "and is not the price of coffins a sensible topic of conversation?" The witness laughingly admitted that the

profits in the undertaking business are sat-isfactory, after which Mrs. Rosa Blum ap-peared before the jury. From conversa-tions with the defendant and his manner in connection therewith she did not consider him right in his mind. From his testimony, Simon Blum, hus

band of the preceding witness, shared the views of his wife as regards Horton. The latter was in the habit of asking the witness. ness unusual questions, such as an inquiry to determine the distance from earth

'I told him I didn't know the distance, not being a professor," stated Mr. Blum, "and what's more," he added, "I don't know today."

George W. Donaldson, who has known remarked that he

Horton for a long time, remarked that he believed all along that the man would commit suicide or land in an insane asylum. This opinion, it was explained, was based on questionable conduct on the part of the defendant.

## Statements of an interesting character were made by Robert H. Key, he remark-

ing that Horton frequently expressed the belief that he was going crazy. "The day of the homicide, about an hour prior to the killing," testified Mr. Key,

'Horton came to my place. He left a package of coffee, saying he would call for it in half an hour, explaining that he had an engagement with a lady in Armory Square He said to me that he didn't know whether to keep the engagement or not, as he felt awfully funny, reiterating the belief that he was going crazy as fast as he

"I visited him some time ago at the jail." the witness went on to say. "He acted queerly, telling me he could not sleep; that he saw things at night, and that a lot of men were continually grabbing at him. Horton would cry on the slightest provoca-

"What is your opinion of Horton's men-tal condition?" asked Attorney Jeffords.
"I'm convinced that he is crazy," was the answer of Mr. Key.

### Victim of Moral Insanity. Dr. J. A. Stoutenburgh, the next wit-

ness, told of half a dozen visits paid by him bid. to Horton during the incarceration of the latter in jail. He detailed the manner and conversation of the defendant on those occasions. Summing up, the witness gave it as his opinion that Horton is a victim of "moral insanity," being a morally deprayed man, having no control over his desires. Dr. partment, who was recently relieved from Stoutenburgh further said that he considers the defendant at the present time of unsound mind, although, he said, his perceptive faculties are better than they were last September. Moral and emotional forms of insanity, according to the witness are recognized by the highest medical authori-Carey. The latter will retire for age July 10 next, and it is generally understood at the War Department that Colonel Bates will succeed him as the head of the pay department. Colonel Bates was succeeded at London by General S. S. Sumner, re-"About three or four months prior to the

homicide Horton told me that he was about to lose his mind," was the testimony of William Langley.
Sergeant John C. Daley of the metropolitan police force, the next witness, related that he was on duty for a year in the same precinct with Horton. Sergeant Daley con-sidered the man not insane, but peculiar. The defendant was in the habit of carrying

have been received for the benefit of the two helmets home with him from the sta-tion. When asked why he did this he re-Heretofore acknowledged..........\$55.00 "If it should rain and one helmet would get wet I would have the other to put on." The Evening Star will be mailed every evening for the week covering the national peace jubilee to any address in the United States for 13 cents. A complete report of

Question of Surrendering Him to Maryland Authorities Still Unsettled.

Course of Local Grand Jury in Matter of Sergeant Passau's Death

# -The Reward

The fate of Armstead Taylor, alias "Cat" Brown, the murderer of the Rosensteins a Slidell, Montgomery county, Md. and slaver of Sergeant Fritz Passau in Georgetown has not yet been settled. As heretofore stated in The Star, it is considered more than probable that he will be turned over to Sheriff Thompson for trial in Montgomery county. Mr. Williams of Rockville, who represents State's Attorney Kilgour, called on Inspector Boardman today relative to the Rosenstein murder, and later he interview Taylor at the jail.

he interview Taylor at the jail.

The grand jury made no report in the case today, and it is not known when the findings will be reported. Had it not been that additional proof was wanted by that body the case would have been reported Saturday. The reason for the delay, it is stated, is that some opposition was shown in the grand jury room to returning an indictment for murder.

The jurors want all the facts in conne

tion with the case, and it may be that the charge of murder will be ignored. Should this action be the result of the deliberations of the grand jury an indictment for a lesser offense will not be asked. In the event of such a finding there is no doubt that Tay-

of such a finding there is no doubt that Taylor will be promptly turned over to the Maryland authorities.

The grand jury of Montgomery county will meet at Rockville tomorrow, and Judge Henderson will probably state his reasons for calling it in special session. It is certain that the call was issued because of the Slidell crime, and a prompt indictment is expected. is expected.

### The Alleged Accomplice. The question of John Brown's alleged

mplication in the affair is an important one that the grand jury will have ta pass

In this connection Sheriff Thompson regrets very much his inability to have Taylor at Rockville tomorrow. Taylor has nothing to lose by any statement that he might make, for he has already confessed that he killed Mrs. Rosenstein. In addi-tion to his confession he has shown great anxiety about the fate of Brown, whom he has so often declared was in the house and killed Postmaster Rosenstein. It is stated that he has expressed a willingness to ap-pear before the grand jury and tell the whole story of how the murder was planned and executed, and also what beoften declared was in the house and came of part of the proceeds.

Precinct Detective Burrows of the George.

town precinct, who obtained the informaion from Henry Hebron, colored, concerning the whereabouts of Tay'or, told a Star reporter today that he favored turning the murderer over to the Maryland au-thorities. The prisoner's statements and the circumstances of the crime, he thinks, indicate that Brown or somebody else was implicated in the affair with Taylor, and he thought the taking of Taylor to Rock-ville is the only way to discover the full details of the crime there.

### Disposition of Reward. Concerning the reward of \$200 in the case

Detective Burrows said he thought Henry Hebron should get part of it. Hebron, he said, has been put to considerable annoyance and expense, and in addition to this, he thought, he had done the part of a good citizen. So far as the remainder of the re-ward is concerned, he said, he thought the police officers would waive their right to it and let it go to the widow of Sergeant Passan.

### Marked With Blood. Prof. J. D. Hird, the District chemist, to

whom State's Attorney Kilgour of Montgomery county last week submitted clothing found in the house of Brown, the colored man who was arrested on suspicion of being an accomplice of Armstead Taylor in the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Rosenstein at Slidell, Md., has forwarded a report to Mr. Kilgour, stating that he found blood on the clothing. The clothing, examined by Prof. Hird consisted of a skirt, supposed to be the property of the woman with whom Property of the woman posed to be the property of the woman with whom Brown lived, a table cloth or shawl, overalls said to belong to Brown and two pieces of bed ticking. The overalls were covered to a very large extent by stains which Prof. Hird found to be blood, and the skirt and table cloth or shawl were also well stained with blood. One piece of bed ticking was also stained similarly. Whether the stains are due to human blood Prof. Hird is unable to say definitely, but that they are due to blood definitely, but that they are due to blood of some animal, man being, of course, in-ciuded, he satisfied himself beyond all doubt, and so reported to Mr. Kilgour. This report, it is understood, Mr. Kilgour re-gards as most important evidence against Brown, who is now in the Baltimore jail awaiting the action of the grand jury of

## Montgomery county. DECLARES DIVIDENDS.

### Action of the Directors of Washington Gas Company. At a meeting of the directors of the

Washington Gas Company held today an extra dividend of \$1 per snare was declared, payable on the 1st of June, and also the regular dividend of 50 cents per share. The total dividend will therefore be \$1.50 per share, which will be payable to stockholders who were of record at the close of business Saturday night last. The closing of the books Saturday was not generally known, and today when it was announced at the meeting of the local stock exchange some of the brokers who had sold gas stock Saturday, unaware that the books were to be closed on that day and without any reservation in regard to the dividend, expressed themselves as dissatisfied, as they had been led into a loss of at least \$1 per share. The dividends will be paid to the stock-holders of record and in case of sale will be retained by them unless there was some understanding about the disposition of the Jividend at the time of the sale. The declaring of a gas dividend at this time is due to the fact that the regular div-

idend due the first of the month was not declared, owing to the pendency of the agreement to purchase the stock of the company, the price offered including the surplus in the treasury of the company. Owing, however, to the failure of the

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. La-denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York. CHICAGO, May 22.-Grain:



Dull and Narrow Market for Stocks

# BEAR ELEMENT IN CONTROL

in New York.

Considerable Short Interest Now

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Out on the Board.

## special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, May 22.-Today's stock market was almost wholly professional, the volume of business and the tendency of prices both indicating a lack of public interest.

Commission houses did almost nothing and under cover of the duliness the room added something to its risks in the short account. The so-called Flower issues were sold down and the entire local list was made to appear weak. The sales were frequently very far apart, and at times absolute stagnation prevailed. The hesitation was not confined to any particular group, the best issues having to choose between inaction and lower prices. While the downward tendency was pre-

nounced, there was little positive argument in explanation. The crop situation, of course, is the background for much of the pessimism, but local conditions are almost an equal factor in the depression. The outcome of the extra session of the legislature is considered to be doubtful, and the cor-porations interested reflect their sensitiveness through the market course of their shares. There is no certainty that the new legislation will be superior to the old, owing to the possibilities for compromises of vague and doubtful operation. The market is in a condition to accept rumors for fact, and a period of raids and

manipulative railies is to be expected.

The encouraging development with which he week starts is the announcement that the new Carnerie Steel Company is to be apitalized at \$250,000,000 instead of double hat amount, as at one time reported. In addition to the reduced capitalization, the new shares are likely to stay in present hands, so that the banking community will not immediately be put to the test of how far it can assist flotation and maintain easy money at the same time.

upon this fact the strength of the bull position rests. Liquidation must be forced on a very considerable scale if sales are to continue to be prosperous from this level. If margined accounts are as strongly bulwarked, as there is every reason for supposing them to be, there should be quite a task ahead of those who rely upon liquidation or their prolit.

Prices may go off around the year's low level, but since that level is barely a week old accounts should be able to withstand

## and more substantial. FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Market. Open, High, Low, p.m. American Cotton Oil .... Atchison. Atchison Adjustments Central Pacine

128% 111 95% 14 187 166 117 76

166 117 76% 485

41 % 38 127% 19% 32% 11% 50% 20 55%

## Wabash, pfd Waters Union Tel.... Reading 1sts

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales, regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Potomae Fire Insurance, 9 at 75. Capital Traction, 20 at 91%, 5 at 32, 20 at 92. Mergenthaler Limitype, 5 at 204%, 10 at 203%, 10 at 203%, 10 at 203%. American Graphophone preferred, 10 at 133%.

District of Columbia Bonds.—5s. 1809, 20-year funding, 100 bid. 7s. 1901, water stock, 105 bid. 3,65s. 1924, funding, 117 bid. 118%, asked.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Enilrond 5s. 123% bid. 126 asked. Metropolitan Enilrond cert. indebt., A. 117 asked. Metropolitan Enilrond eert. indebt., B. x116 asked. Columbia Railrond 4s, 123 bid. 128 asked. Columbia Railrond 2d mopt. 5s. 109%, bid. 110 asked. City and Suburban Railrond Fairons. makedianeous Boois.—Metropolitan Railroad 5st.
Cowing, however, to the failure of the stockholders to offer a sufficient amount of the stock, the proposed deal did not go through.

Baltimore Markets.

Balti

asked.
Title Insurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 93 bid, 110 asked. Columbia Title, 5% bid, 6 asked. District Title, 2½ bid, 3½ asked.
Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction Co., 91½ bid, 92 asked. Metropolitan, x228 bid, Metropolitan trust receipts, 228 bid, 229 asked. Columbia trust receipts, 148 bid, 149 asked. City and Suburban, 40 bid, 44 asked.
Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, x51 bid, 51½ asked. Georgetown Gas, 65 asked. U. S. Electric Light, 132 bid.
Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 77% bid, 80 asked.
Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaier Linotype, 203½ bid, 203½ asked. Lanston Monotype, 19 bid, 20 asked. American Graphophone, 13% bid, 14 asked. American Graphophone, 13% bid, 14 asked. American Graphophone, 47 bid, 49 asked. Washington Market, 13 bid. Great Falls Ice, 145 bid, 165 asked. Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, 105 bid. Lincoln Hafl, 100 asked.

Government Bonds. 5.10 5.15
5.22 2
4.67 4.72 3 per cents, registered. 1908-1928.
4.80 4.87 3 per cents, registered, 1908-1928.
Low 2p.n. 4 per cents, coupon, 1908-1928.
5.89 5.90 4 per cents, coupon, 1907
5.90 5.91 4 per cents, registered, 1907
5.88 5.88 5.88 5 per cents, registered, 1925
5.90 5.90 5 per cents, coupon, 1904
5.90 5.90 5 per cents, coupon, 1904

The money market for the present is not threatened by industrial enterprises, and

such prices. The larger operators against prices are making every effort to prove this latter argument faise, and the stocks which sold lowest are the most freely sold now in the hope of reducing the low level ecord.

Meanwhile the short interest is assuming roportions which merit attention. The extent of the selling may yet furnish the materials for a reaction, and this without changing the professional character of the market. Should outside interest be re-vived the rebound would be more sudden

85 86 85 85 11% 11% 11% 11% 1221 hicago, R. I. & Pacific.

Chig. A. G. Western . Consolidated Gas. Del., Lack & W

Federal Steel, pfd... General Electric. Illinois Central Louisville & Nashville Metropontan Traction... Manhattan Elevated ... Missouri Pacine.
M. K. & T., pfd.
National Lead Co
New Jersey Central. New York Central.

Northern Pacine, ptd .... Southern Pacific...... Southern Railway..... Texas Pacific lenn. Coal & Iron. Union Pacific, pfd...

S. Rubber, pfd...

Washington Stock Exchange.